

This question paper contains 4 printed pages]

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S. No. of Question Paper : 8826

Unique Paper Code : 234103

C

Name of the Paper : CSHT-102 Discrete Structures

Name of the Course : B.Sc. (Hons.) Computer Science Part I

Semester : I

Duration : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

(Write your Roll No. on the top immediately on receipt of this question paper.)

Parts of a question must be attempted together.

Part A (of 35 marks) is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from Part B.

Part A

(Compulsory)

1. (a) State whether Master's Theorem is applicable in each of the following. Solve the recurrence if it is applicable, else justify your answer :
 - (i) $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2 \lg n$
 - (ii) $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n$ 4
- (b) Show that 2^n is $O(3^n)$ but 3^n is not $O(2^n)$. 3
2. (a) Solve the recurrence relation. Find the total solution for the difference equation : 5

$$a_r - 7a_{r-1} + 10a_{r-2} = 3^r, \text{ given that } a_0 = 0 \text{ and } a_1 = 1.$$
- (b) Determine the discrete numeric function corresponding to the generating function : 4

$$A(z) = \frac{32 - 22z}{2 - 3z + z^2}$$

P.T.O.

3. (a) Among 50 students in a class, 26 got A in the Mathematics and 7 students got an A in both Mathematics and English. How many students did not get an A in English? 3

(b) Find the reflexive closure of the following relation : 3

$$R = \{(3, 4), (4, 3), (4, 4), (5, 4)\} \text{ on the set } A = \{3, 4, 5\}.$$

(c) Suppose repetitions are not permitted : 3

(i) How many 3-digit numbers can be formed from the digits 1, 3, 5, 8, 9 ?

(ii) How many of them are between 4000 and 8000 ?

(iii) How many of them are even ?

4. (a) Show that $\neg P$ is tautologically implied by $\neg (P \wedge \neg Q)$, $(\neg Q \vee R)$, $\neg R$. 4

(b) Draw an Acquaintanceship graph of 7 students in a college. Assume that each student knows atmost 3 and at least 1 student. What do the vertices and edges represent? 3

(c) Find the number of edges in a full binary tree with 50 internal nodes. 3

Part B

(Attempt any *four* questions from Part B)

5. (a) Prove by Mathematical Induction that, for $n \geq 1$: 3

$$1.2 + 2.3 + \dots + n(n+1) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)}{3}.$$

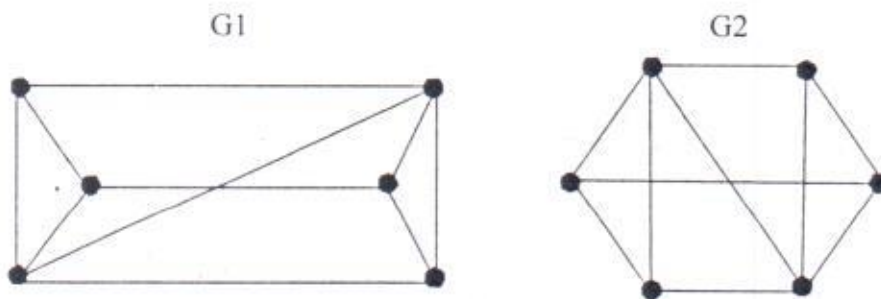
(b) Given $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$. Consider the relation R on A :

$$R = \{(a, a), (b, b), (b, c), (c, b), (d, b), (d, d)\}$$

Is R Symmetric ? Is it Transitive ? Give reasons. 4

(c) Assume that classes are not held on weekends, show that in a set of six classes there must be two that meet on the same day. Justify your answer using the Pigeonhole principle. 3

6. (a) Determine whether each of these functions from $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ to itself is one-to-one and/or onto :
- (i) $f(1) = 2, f(2) = 1, f(3) = 3, f(4) = 4$
- (ii) $f(1) = 4, f(2) = 2, f(3) = 4, f(4) = 3.$ 5
- (b) In how many ways can 2 numbers be selected from the integers 1-100, so that their sum is an even number ? 2
- (c) Show that $C(2n, 2) = 2 C(n, 2) + n^2$. 3
7. (a) Show the equivalence : 4
- $$(P \vee Q) \wedge (\neg P \wedge (\neg P \wedge Q)) \Leftrightarrow (\neg P \wedge Q).$$
- (b) Consider the predicate $P(x) : x$ is less than equal to 4. Which of the following statements would be true for the universe of discourse $\{-2, -1, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$? How ?
- (i) $(\exists x) P(x)$
- (ii) $(x)P(x).$ 4
- (c) Given the value of $P \rightarrow Q$ is false, determine the value of $(\neg P \vee \neg Q) \rightarrow Q.$ 2
8. (a) Are the graphs G_1 and G_2 isomorphic ? Explain. 4



- (b) Prove the Euler's formula for Planar graphs. 4
- (c) Define a spanning tree of a graph. Draw a spanning tree of the graph G_1 of Q. No. 8(a). [2]

P.T.O.

9. (a) Simplify the expression $\sum_{k=1}^n (2k - 1)$. 3
- (b) Use Bubble Sort to sort the list 3, 1, 5, 7, 4. Show the list obtained at each step. 4
- (c) Show that $3x^2 + x + 1$ is $\Theta(x^2)$, by finding the constants k, C_1, C_2 . 3
10. (a) Determine $a * b$ in the following : 3

$$a_r = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq r \leq 2 \\ 0, & r \geq 3 \end{cases} \quad b_r = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq r \leq 2 \\ 0, & r \geq 3 \end{cases}$$

- (b) Use Substitution Method to show that the solution of $T(n) = T(\lfloor n/2 \rfloor) + 1$ is $O(\lg n)$. 3
- (c) Determine the particular solution for the difference equation : 4

$$a_r - 4a_{r-1} + 4a_{r-2} = (r + 1) \cdot 2^r.$$